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**WARNING: Graphic Medical footage.  
Arsenic Poisoning. Interviews With Dying  
People Bangladesh**

CHOOSE HIGH QUALITY video option on the left (bottom right beneath the video)! Thanks to private donations from ordinary folk, we helped 55 extremely poor families in Dec 2008 with special filters which remove arsenic from drinking water. Arsenic poisoning, arsenicosis, often leads to death from multi-organ damage depending on the severity of the poisoning, duration, and on the person's strength of their immune system. Poor folk, who can barely afford to eat regularly, seem to be the worst affected. Its possible wealthier people can afford to take preventative measures while the poor cannot. Seeing is believing, hence this video so perhaps you can see how it creates orphans and affects people too poor to seek treatment. We interviewed many who have family members who have died. Outward symptoms from what we witnessed are usually skin discolouration, followed by extremely rough hands and feet, lesions and ulcers, and gangrene. Some patients swell up before death and complain of lethargy and other ailments, we are told. Contains graphic medical footage and personal interviews with some families we helped. These filters will last between 5 to 8 years. It might save lives, and at the very least, it should halt the illness. We plan on doing regular safe water projects like this every few months. Please visit our website for further information. We are a registered British charity, doing monthly projects since Dec 2006!

**Video Rating: 4 / 5**



Name Origin Greek: arsenikos (male); Latin: arsenicum. "Arsenic" in different languages. Sources Arsenopyrite, also unofficially called mispickel, (FeAsS) is the most common arsenic-bearing mineral. On roasting in air, the arsenic sublimes as arsenic (III) oxide leaving iron oxides. Abundance Universe: 0.008ppm (by weight) Carbonaceous meteorite: 1.8 ppm Earth's Crust: 1.5 ppm Seawater: Atlantic surface:  $1.45 \times 10^{-3}$  ppm Atlantic deep:  $1.53 \times 10^{-3}$  ppm Pacific surface:  $1.45 \times 10^{-3}$  ppm Pacific deep:  $1.75 \times 10^{-3}$  ppm Human: 50 ppb by weight 4 ppb by atoms Uses Used as a deadly poison (in various agricultural insecticides and poisons), in shotgun pellets, metal for mirrors, glass, lasers. Gallium Arsenide is an important semiconductor used in integrated circuits and light-emitting diodes (LEDs). History Arsenic has been known and used in Persia and elsewhere since ancient times. As the symptoms of arsenic poisoning were somewhat ill-defined, it was frequently used for murder until the advent of the Marsh test, a sensitive chemical test for its presence. Due to its use by the ruling class to murder one another and its potency and discreetness, arsenic has been called the Poison of Kings and the King of Poisons. During the Bronze Age, arsenic was often included in bronze, which made the alloy harder (so-called "arsenical bronze"). Albertus Magnus (Albert the Great, 1193-1280) is believed to have been the first to isolate the element in 1250. In 1649 Johann Schroder published two ...

**Video Rating: 0 / 5**

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